

# CITY OF SOMERVILLE, MASSACHUSETTS MAYOR'S OFFICE OF STRATEGIC PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT JOSEPH A. CURTATONE MAYOR

### HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION

KRISTENNA CHASE, PRESERVATION PLANNER SARAH WHITE, PLANNER & PRESERVATION PLANNER **Case #:** HPC 2017.080 **Date**: October 17, 2017

**Recommendation:** Conditional Approval

## PRESERVATION STAFF REPORT

Site: 63 Adams Street

**Applicant Name:** Kevin Jackson

Applicant Address: 215 Washington Street, Somerville 02144

Owner Name: 63 Atherton Street Condominium Trust

Owner Address: 63 Atherton Street

**Agent:** Kevin Jackson

**Petition:** 63 Atherton Street Condominium Trust, Owners, seeks permission from the Somerville Historic

Preservation Commission (HPC) to alter the front door of the rowhouse.

**HPC Hearing Date:** October 17, 2017

### I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

- 1. **Subject Property:** See attached Form B.
- 2. **Proposal:** The Applicant proposes to replace the existing modern door system with custom replacement doors to match the original doors..

### II. FINDINGS FOR REPLACEMENT OF DOORS

The Somerville LHD guidelines state that windows may be treated as follows:

### Windows and Doors

1. Retain original and later important door and window openings where they exist. Do not enlarge or reduce door





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and window openings for the purpose of fitting stock window sash or doors, or air conditioners.

2. Whenever possible, repair and retain original or later important window elements such as sash, lintels, sill, architraves, glass, shutters and other decorative elements and hardware. When replacement of materials or elements is necessary, it should be based on physical or documentary evidence. If aluminum windows must be installed, select a baked finish that matches as closely as possible the color of the existing trim. Investigate weather-stripping and storm windows with a baked enamel finish as an alternative to the replacement of historic

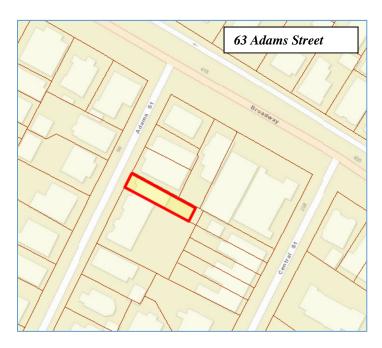
<u>Proposal</u>: The Applicant proposes to replace the existing, non-historic entry door and replace it with to replica doors based upon the original doors found in the entry of 61 Adams Street.

<u>Staff Findings</u>: Staff finds that there will be no alterations to the openings. Staff finds that the original doors were located within a sheltered open entry that has since been closed in with modern glass doors and transoms. Staff finds that the entry to 63 Adams Street no longer has the original configuration and the existing modern outer doors are the only doors into the building. The sister building on 192-200 Central Street still retains the original configuration. Staff finds the replacement of historic fabric in-kind based upon the physical evidence of the building next door to be in-keeping with the guidelines.

### III. RECOMMENDATION

Based on the information provided and an assessment of the proposal against the Somerville LHD guidelines, Staff recommends <u>CONDITIONAL APPROVAL</u> of the window replacement with the following conditions:

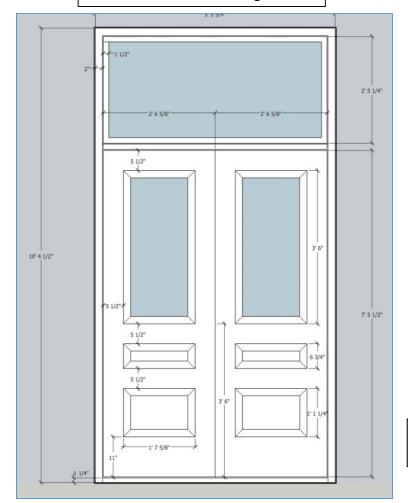
- 1. All appropriate building permits shall be obtained prior to the start of any work.
- 2. If changes are necessary to the prosed design for which this Certificate of Appropriateness was issued, new plans shall be submitted to Historic Staff prior to commencing the work.
- 3. The new doors shall be constructed to match the existing doors as seen in the attached photo and sketch.
- 4. Historic Staff shall issue a sign-off upon completion of the project that this was done in accordance with the Certificate and approved plans.



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63 Adams Street - Existing Door





61 Adams Street - Existing interior door which had been enclosed by the outer doors.

63 Adams *Street - Proposed outer door*.





Recorded by Edward W. Gordon

Organization Som. Historic Preservation Comm.

Date(month/day/year) 3/7/05

or's number	USGS Quad	Area(s)	Form Number
48 /A /40-41	Boston-North		SMV.144
Town Son	nerville		
Place (neighb	oorhood or villag	e) <u>Wir</u>	nter Hill
Address 5	55, 57, 59, 61 & 63	Adams Stre	eet
Historic Nam	e <u>Cutler Downe</u>	r Row Hous	ses
Use: Present	Multi-family ro	w houses	
Origina	Single-family ro	w houses	
Date of Const	truction <u>1875</u> -	1883	
Source Midd	llesex County atlas	es	
Style/Form S	econd Empire		
Architect/Bui	lder <u>Undetermin</u>	ed	
Exterior Mate	erial		
Foundat	ion Stone		
	Red brick and brow	vnstone	
Roof -	Slate shingles		
Outbuildings	/Secondary Struc	tures <u>N/A</u>	
replaced by w	tions (with dates ooden steps and ra odern metal replac	ilings c. 199	masonry steps 90s. Front doors and
Condition _C	Good		
Moved	yes X no		
Acreage 13,4	199 square feet		
streetscape of ]	looks narrow front late nineteenth/ ear and two-family resi	y twentieth	n densely built-up century wooden

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SMV.144

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION X	see continuation she	eet
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Describe architectural features. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings within the community.

Architecturally, 55, 57, 61 and 63 Adams Street rank among the most sophisticated masonry row houses built in Somerville during the late nineteenth century. Built about a decade after Somerville's incorporation as a city in 1871, 55 to 63 Adams Street symbolizes the City on the eve of rapid urbanization that resulted in more densely built-up streetscapes. Indeed, at the time of their c. 1880 construction, row housing like this, as well as 8 to 20 Summer Street near Union Square, were harbingers of the intensified development during the period of 1890 to 1910. Groups of attached brick or wooden residences were never the dominant house type in Somerville neighborhoods, scattered about as they are in Somerville, east of Central Street. The residential rows that were built represent speculative real estate development ventures, rather than custom built town houses that were constructed with a particular family in mind, as was the case in Boston's Back Bay.

The handsome row at 55 to 63 Adams Street encompasses five units. Constructed of red brick with brownstone sills and lintels, the salient feature of this group is the rhythmic repetition of five polygonal bays at the main facade, the deep, continuous molded cornice; as well as the march of polygonal dormers along the slate shingle covered expanse of the mansard roof. Each building exhibits an entrance bay and a two-story polygonal bay. These houses rise two-stories from low basements pierced by small square windows to bracketed, wooden-paneled cornices. Access to the front doors is provided by flights of wooden replacement steps of recent vintage. Original front doors have been replaced by modern metal-doors. The paired, off-center doors at numbers 59 and 61 provide visual interest. In general original 2/2 double-hung wooden sash has been replaced by modern metal 1/1 double-

# HISTORICAL NARRATIVE X see continuation sheet

Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

The five-unit Italianate mansard row at 55, 57, 59, 61 and 63 Adams Street was built c.1880 for State Street custom house broker and "forwarder" Cutler Downer. A resident of Central Street, near Broadway in Somerville, Downer was a partner in Stone and Downer along with his brothers Roswell C. Downer

and William Downer as well as Joseph Stone. The Downer brothers were in the forefront of using the telephone for both business and residential communication. In 1877, this firm ranked among the first companies to install a commercial telephone. At first, the firm's telephone was used primarily as a means of communication between the Downer family's mansion at 170 Central Street, Somerville and their State Street firm.

Cutler Downer made a fortune in Somerville real estate speculation, as well as with their Boston business. During the 1870s and 1880s, Downer assembled large parcels of undeveloped land on Winter Hill, particularly along Adams Street and Central Street, near Broadway. Downer owned back-to-back parcels on Adams and Central Streets. Around 1880, these parcels were developed as 55 to 63 Adams Street and 192 to 200 Central Street.

Adams Street was set out over the summit of Winter Hill from Broadway to Medford Street as early as 1850. Winter Hill, a 4000 foot long glacial drumlin rises to a height of 135 feet above sea level Adams Street was

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BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES see continuation sheet  Bromley, George, Atlases of the City of Somerville, 1895; 1900.  Draper, Martin, Map of Somerville, 1852.  Hopkins, G. M., Maps of the City of Somerville, 1874; 1884.  Mc Alester, Virginia & Lee, Field Guide to American Houses. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1984.  Samuels, Edward A., Somerville Past & Present. Boston: Samuels & Kimball Company, 1897.  Somerville City Directories: 1869-70 to 1940.
Zellie, Carole, Beyond the Neck: The Architecture and Development of Somerville, MA, 1982, 1990.

If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

# **INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET**

Town: Somerville, MA

Property Address: 55,57,59,61,63 Adams Street

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, Boston

Area (s) Winter Hill Form No: SMV.144

Indicate each item on inventory form, continued below.

# **Architectural Description**

hung sash. The windows of the tripartite dormers are of interest for their ornate, bracketed and broken pediments.

### **Historical Narrative**

named for local farmer Joseph Adams, whose early 1780s house still stands at 438 Broadway. The first residential subdivision on Winter Hill was set out north of Medford Street along Adams and Central Street as early as 1847. Cutler Downer's parcels were located closer to Broadway and were assembled in the 1870s and developed in the 1880s.

By 1895, 55, 57, 59, and 61 Adams Street were owned by Josiah Carter, while Thomas Hollis owned 63 Adams Street, although neither Carter nor Hollis lived in Somerville. By 1900, a C. E. Robbins owned 55 to 63 Adams Street. At that time, Cutler's brother, Roswell C. Downer, owned 63 Adams Street.

In 1903, residents of these houses included: James T. Moses, engineer (number 55); Charles H. Stevens, "butter etc." (number 59); Bartlett P. Crenner, "leather, 26 High Street, Boston" (number 61) and S.A. Davis, physician (number 63). The only unoccupied house at that time was 57Adams Street.

By 1910, residents of this row included: Elmer F. Murch, *Boston Transcript* reporter ( number 55); Edward E. Ames, salesman for an unidentified Boston company ( number 57); Albert F. Holmes, purveyor of "musical goods", Court Street, Boston (number 59); leather goods dealer Bartlett P. Crenner ( number 61) and Margaret E. Bergman ( number 63).

By 1920, occupants of these houses included: Wallace B. Olson, an assistant manager at an unidentified Boston company (number 55); Winnifred E. and Herbert J. Darley, photographer (number 57), Margaret L. and Arthu M. Hooper, hotel clerk, Boston (number 59); W. A. Kelson (number 61); along with Sarah E. and Harris G. Leroy, Supt., Bunker Hill Boys' Club, Charlestown (number 63).

Listed here at the beginning of the Great Depression were: Gilliat R. Warren (number 55); Mrs. Ruth H. Dudley (number 57); Margaret L. and Arthur M. Hooper, operator (number 59) and Margaret B. and Charles F. Rowell (number 63). 61 Adams Street was the only unoccupied unit within this row.

Interestingly, **55 to 61 Adams Street** 's houses are listed as unoccupied in the 1940 Somerville Directory. **63 Adams Street**'s residents were Annie Randall and her carpenter husband Joseph Randall.

Already listed on the N. R. H. P.

